

English Grammar Practice Test **with key**

The Verb *To Have* (Have/Has Got)

Level A1-A2

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Introduction and Imprint

The test comes in **two variants**, each of which is provided **with key** and a point-based **marking scheme**. The content corresponds to the **A1 - A2** language proficiency level according to the CEFR.

The test is meant for **English** as a **foreign language** learners. It can be used for testing and as consolidation material.

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The Verb *To Have* (Have / Has got)

Variant 1

1. Write *have (got) / has (got)* where necessary.

- 1. it _____
- 2. they _____
- 3. you _____
- 4. she _____
- 5. we _____
- 6. I _____
- 7. he _____
- 8. there _____

Mark: ___ / 8

2. Write the short form.

Example: *you have got – you've got*

- 1. he has got – _____
- 2. you have not got – _____
- 3. I have got – _____
- 4. she does not have – _____
- 5. we have not got – _____
- 6. there is not one – _____
- 7. it has not got – _____
- 8. they have got – _____

Mark: ___ / 8

3. Complete the sentences with *have (got) / has (got)* or their short forms. Write negative forms where necessary.

- 1. I _____ any car. My sister has got a tiny one.
- 2. Jenny and her husband _____ a nice house in the centre of the city. It _____ a big pool.
- 3. Amelia _____ a terrible headache today. She wants to see a doctor.
- 4. _____ your car got five doors? No, it _____.

5. Ava and I _____ no kids. We are still hesitating.

- a. These people _____ because really, they are successful businessmen.
- b. He _____ as a teacher, but it's not exciting.
- c. _____ you get a lot of work to do?
- d. These and children are looking for the job. They _____ a healthy job that.
- e. How many jobs _____ a suitable job?

Mark: ___ / 12

4. Choose the correct item.

1. She does not like cats. She **have got / has got** two dogs.
2. Have you got this song on your computer? – No, I **don't / haven't**. I need to download it.
3. Ted **has / has got** dinner at home every day.
4. How many siblings **have / has** Mia got? She is from a big family.
5. Fred wants to go to the party. But he **doesn't have / doesn't have got** free time today.

- a. She _____ because she got two cats to get her out the world?
- b. The girls have _____ right now and we can.
- c. Can you? "No, you got" because I got my girlfriend managing my program.
- d. What? "What for have my best friend" because I need to help with.
- e. David and David don't have / doesn't have any babies.

Mark: ___ / 10

5. Complete the questions and negative sentences using *have (got) / has (got)* or their short forms where possible.

1. _____ you have a *Facebook* account?
2. You have got a nice flat. _____ it got a study?
3. I _____ a toothache today.
4. Grace and Jacob _____ breakfast.
5. Your husband is shivering. _____ he got a cold?

- a. She _____ because I have to go.
- b. My partner and I are _____ while cleaning a holiday destination.
- c. The employees will _____ from coffee for the morning participants. They need to eat for a short while.
- d. What _____ they get the book today?
- e. How many books _____ do have to be read?

Mark: ___ / 10

6. Complete the sentences with *have (got) / has (got)* or their short forms. Write negative forms where necessary.

Hi Tom,

Thanks for your email, and the warm greetings from your mum. I hope you are both doing well.

The story you sent me to read was highly amusing. I liked it very much.

You asked me to tell you a little bit about my friends. So, I 1) _____ two best friends with who I spend my free time. They are Alex and Emma. They live in the same house of flats as I do. Alex and I are extreme sports fans. He 2) _____ a skateboard, and I 3) _____ a BMX bike. We like being outside. So we mostly hang out together in the skatepark where we 4) _____ some nice spots to practice our hops and turns. One day we'd like to take part in a local extreme sports competition.

There is my classmate I read for example. He is a wonderful friend who you can talk to when you 1) _____ a bad mood. He 2) _____ a lot of money in gaming. I like his world. My 3) _____ a super girl because she can do different jumping techniques. She doesn't see a need for it. I want her to give me some tips on a life using the techniques. There are 4) _____ some ideas. They are so good to talk some places to see how it can look like.

Sorry for my email being rather short. I'll _____ next time, but I'll tell you more when we meet. Love you both when you please see. See you soon.

With love,

Angela

Mark: ___ / 9

Total: ___ / 57

The Verb *To Have* (Have / Has got)

Variant 1. Key

1.

1. **has / has got / 's got** (Third-person singular)
2. **have / have got / 've got** (Third-person plural)
3. **have / have got / 've got** (Second-person singular or plural)
4. **has / has got / 's got** (Third-person singular)

1. Have / has got / 's got (Third-person singular)
2. Have / have got / 've got (Third-person plural)
3. Has / has got / 's got (Third-person singular)
4. Have / have got (Third-person plural)

2.

1. **he's got**
2. **you haven't got / you don't have**
3. **I've got**
4. **she doesn't have / she hasn't got**

1. He's got / 's got (Third-person singular)
2. Haven't got / don't have (Second-person singular)
3. I've got (First-person singular)
4. She's got (Third-person singular)

3.

1. **do not have / don't have / have not got / haven't got** (First-person singular negative. The negative form is used as for "any.")
2. **have / have got, has / has got / 's got** (Third-person plural affirmative; Third-person singular affirmative)
3. **has / has got** (Third-person singular affirmative)
4. **Has; has not / hasn't** (Third-person singular interrogative; Third-person singular negative)
5. **have / have got** (First-person plural affirmative)

1. Have / has got / 's got (Third-person singular affirmative)
2. Has / has got / 's got (Third-person singular affirmative)
3. Have / have got (Third-person plural affirmative)
4. Has / 's got (Third-person singular affirmative)

10. **has** (Third-person singular interrogative)

4. Choose the correct item.

1. **has got** (Third-person singular)
2. **haven't** (First-person singular, a short answer to a general question. "Haven't" is used as the question begins with "have.")
3. **has** (Third-person singular. Use of "have" in set expressions: "have" is used without "got" as it means "eat.")
4. **has** (Third-person singular)
5. **doesn't have** (Third-person singular negative. "Have" is used without "got" as the negative begins with "doesn't.")

1. Has (Third-person singular interrogative. "Has" is used as the subject is followed by "got".)
2. Haven't (First-person singular)
3. Hasn't got (Third-person singular negative. "Hasn't" is used as the subject is followed by "got".)
4. Has (Third-person singular interrogative. "Has" is used as the subject is followed by "have".)
5. Hasn't have (Third-person singular)

5.

1. **Do** (Second-person singular or plural interrogative)
2. **Has** (Third-person singular interrogative)
3. **do not have / don't have / have not got / haven't got** (First-person singular negative)
4. **do not have / don't have** (Third-person plural negative)
5. **Has** (Third-person singular interrogative)

1. Do not have / don't have / have not got / haven't got (First-person singular negative)
2. Has (Third-person singular interrogative. "Has" is used as the subject is followed by "have".)
3. Do not have / don't have / have not got / haven't got (Third-person singular negative)
4. Do not have / don't have (Third-person plural negative)
5. Has (Third-person singular interrogative)

6.

1. **have / have got / 've got** (First-person singular affirmative)
2. **has / has got / 's got** (Third-person singular affirmative)
3. **have / have got / 've got** (First-person singular affirmative)
4. **have / have got / 've got** (First-person plural affirmative)

1. Have / has got / 've got (Third-person singular affirmative)
2. Has / has got / 's got (Third-person singular affirmative)